CRTA:

ATTITUDES OF SERBIAN CITIZENS ABOUT PARTICIPATION IN DEMOCRATIC PROCESSES 2020

March 18, 2021

Methodology

Research period: November 16th to 22nd 2020

Data collection method: Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing (CATI) with Random Digit Dialling

Sample type: random sample, representative for the Republic of Serbia (excluding Kosovo and Metohija)

Sample: 1010 respondents

Margin of error: ± 3,15%

Strata: total 48, by gender (male, female), age (18-34 years, 35-64 years, 65+ years), region (Belgrade, Vojvodina, Šumadija and Western Serbia, Southern and Eastern Serbia) and type of settlement (urban, rural)

Poststratification: by gender, age, region and type of settlement

Instrument: questionnaire (47 questions)

Average test duration: 13 minutes

Response rate: 22%

Main findings



- Generally, citizens are moderately interested in politics
- Higher interest in politics only concerning local issues and Belgrade-Pristina negotiations
- Two thirds say they did not **participate in local initiatives** during the last year
- Most common reason: perception that nothing can be achieved that way
- Participants mostly do not believe they can **influence change** through participation in democratic processes
- More participants believe that voting is an activity that could bring about change

- Most common **motivation for voting** is a sense of duty, followed by a wish to influence politics
- Most common reason for not voting is the lack of trust in political parties' promises
- Participants are divided in assessing the work of the previous Parliament convocation and the previous Government
- They are, however, mostly unsatisfied with specific aspects of the work of the National Assembly and the conduct of MPs
- Political inclination, closeness to, or distance from political parties, permeates all other divisions
- Most participants are not affiliated with any party, their attitudes are closer to those supporting the ruling parties, their criticism of the government is closer to those participants who support the opposition

Interest in politics

Participants are moderately interested in politics, highest interest for local topics and Belgrade-Priština negotiations



Not at all A little So and so Quite A lot DK/NA



Solving citizens' problems

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Only one third of participants think there is someone in their community who works on solving their problems

Is there anyone in your town who works to solve citizens' problems?



Solving citizens' problems

Most participants think it is the local self-government who works on solving their problems, with other subjects far behind



Possibility to influence change

Of all listed political activities, participants identify voting and alarming the media as those that can influence change

How much do you think you can influence the change of things with the following activities?



■ Not at all ■ A little ■ Yes and no ■ Quite ■ A lot ■ DK/NA

Local initiatives

Two thirds say they did not participate in solving problems in their local communities during the past year

Did you initiate or actively participate in any action or initiative to solve a problem in your local community last year?

No Yes, I participated Ye	s, I initiated
68%	20% 11%

Local initiatives

Participants do not participate in local action because they do not believe they can influence change that way, and because they do not have the time

What is the main reason why you were not a participant or an initiator of the action? -% of those who did not participate in or initiate the action -



Political views

One half supports democracy, another half supports a strong leader as well, but attitudes are more polarized around the latter



At the moment, it is best for our country to have a strong leader that everyone would obey because only a firm hand can lead us out of this crisis

38%

Foreign policy views and views regarding Kosovo

Similar views on joining the EU as well as giving up on the EU. Strong opposition to recognize Kosovo's independence



Satisfaction with the work of the Government

Participants are evenly divided in their assessments of the work of the Government of Serbia 2017-2020

How satisfied are you with the work of the previous Government of Serbia, formed in 2017, headed by Prime Minister Ana Brnabić?

Completely dissatisfied Mostly dissatisfied Neither satisfied nor dissatisfied Mostly satisfied Completely satisfied DK/NA

30% 119	19%	18%	18%	
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Satisfaction with the work of Parliament

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Participants are divided in their assessments of the work of Parliament in the 2016-2020 convocation as well, but there are fewer of those who are satisfied when compared to the work of the Government

How satisfied are you with the work of the previous convocation of the National Assembly of Serbia from 2016 to 2020?

Completely dissatisfied Mostly dissatis	fied Neithe	er satisfied nor dissatisfied 🛛 🗖 Mo	ostly satisfied Comple	etely satisfied ■ DK/N	A
31%	11%	24%	16%	14%	

Assessing the work of Parliament and MPs

Unlike the general assessment, participants see specific aspects of the work of Parliament and MPs less favourably

Completely disagree

Mostly disagree

Neither agree nor disagree

Mostly agree

34%

Completely agree DK/NA

14%

18%

The Assembly efficiently oversees the work of the Government and ensures that the Government pursues an accountable policy for the benefit of all citizens.

MPs in the National Assembly are available to citizens who wish to contact them

MPs in the National Assembly care more about the interests of their political parties than about the interests of the citizens

MPs ruin the reputation of the Assembly by their behaviour

37%	15%	15%	8%	10%

20%

10%





Elections

About two thirds of participants would certainly or probably vote in the elections, which corresponds to the usual voter turnout

If parliamentary elections were held this week, would you vote in those elections?

Certainly would not	-	Probably	would not	Undecided	Probably would	Certainly would	■ DK/NA
22%	5%	6%	12%			55%	

Elections

Most of those who vote do so out of sense of duty, followed by their wish to influence domestic politics

In general, what is your motive for voting in the elections? -% of those who said they would vote -



Elections

Most of those who do not vote do not believe parties will fulfill their electoral promises

What is the main reason for not going to the polls? -% of those who answered they would not vote -



Media

Only one fifth thinks the media are free and not under political pressure

How do you generally assess the freedom of the media and the quality of public information? Which of the following opinions is closest to yours?



Thank you!

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